

# Recent circulation changes at intermediate depths (Upper Polar Deep Water) in the Beaufort Gyre inferred from water column distribution of $^{230}\text{Th}$

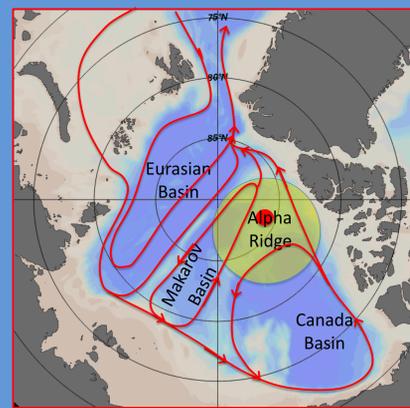
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## Mid-depth circulation

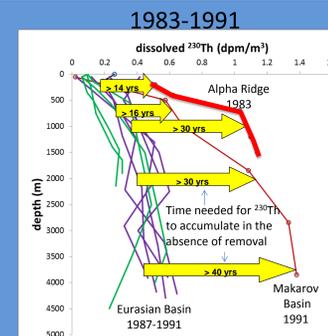
### before 2004: splendid isolation of Alpha Ridge

The world's record steepest  $^{230}\text{Th}$  profile was observed in 1983 under heavy ice above the Alpha Ridge, inferring a water column with very little exchange. The lack of ventilation was confirmed by low CFC concentrations and the pathway taken by reprocessing- $^{129}\text{I}$ .



200-1700m circulation after Rudels, 1994

## $^{230}\text{Th}$ signals



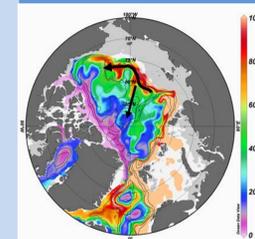
At the Alpha Ridge, isolation under permanent ice cover allows  $^{230}\text{Th}$  to accumulate to record high activities

## other tracers

 $^{129}\text{I}$  at 240m  
( $10^7$  at/L)

CFC

2000



Karcher et al., 2012

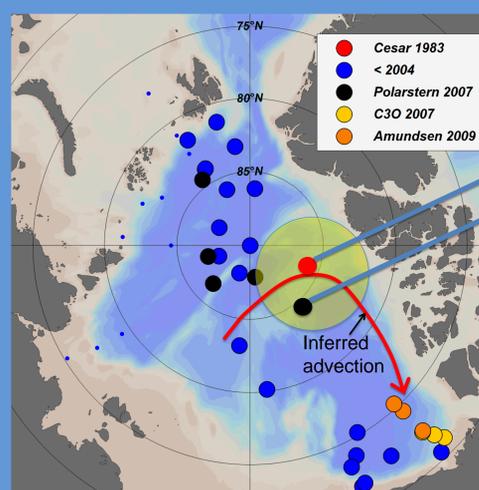
CFC data from 1996-2005 confirm old age near Alpha Ridge (Smethie et al., 2000, Tanhua et al., 2009).

### 2007-2009

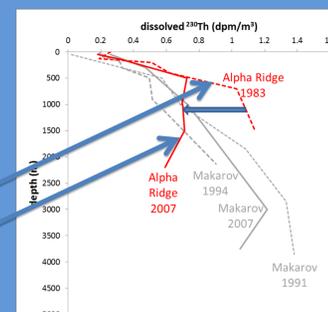
After 2004, surface- and Atlantic Layer-water circulation changed in relation to the change of the Arctic Oscillation (Karcher et al., 2012). In 2007, a  $^{230}\text{Th}$  profile taken on the Canada Basin side of the Alpha Ridge showed reduced  $^{230}\text{Th}$  activity below 500m depth.

In the southern Beaufort Sea,  $^{230}\text{Th}$  activities in the 500-1500m depth range increased progressively in the period 2007-2009

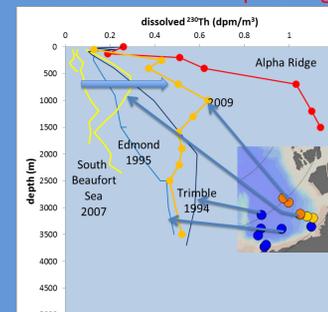
We hypothesize that both effects result from an anticyclonic circulation advecting the  $^{230}\text{Th}$  that had accumulated over decades to the south.



New  $^{230}\text{Th}$  and  $^{231}\text{Pa}$  profiles were obtained during the International Polar Year 2007-2009

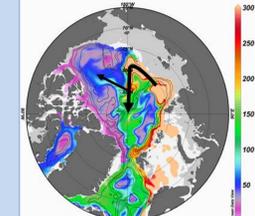


$^{230}\text{Th}$  decreased near Alpha Ridge...



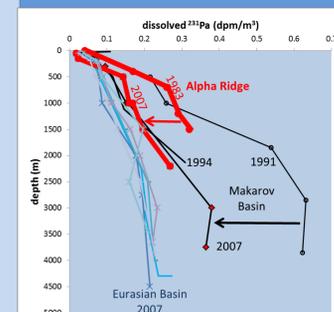
... and increased in Southern Beaufort Sea

2008



Karcher et al., 2012

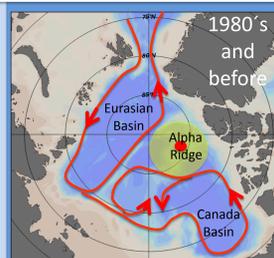
The evolution of reprocessing-produced  $^{129}\text{I}$  was interpreted by Karcher et al. (2012) to infer a transition from cyclonic to anti-cyclonic circulation of the Canada Basin, in line with the spreading of the Warm Temperature Anomaly (McLaughlin et al., 2009)



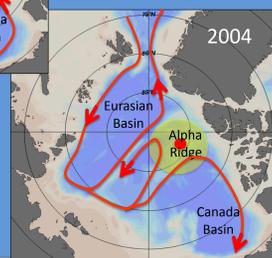
$^{231}\text{Pa}$  decreased in Makarov Basin (Scholten 1991 – Edmonds 1994) and at Alpha Ridge (Bacon 1983-our data 2007)

## References

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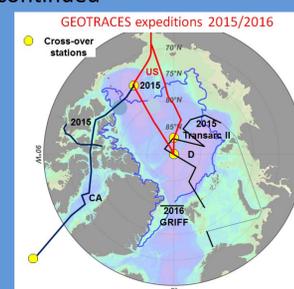

 1980's  
and  
before

## Hypothesized change in circulation



2004

2015 GEOTRACES  $^{230}\text{Th}$  data will tell whether this process of change has continued



## Conclusions

- $^{230}\text{Th}$  decreased in central Arctic near Alpha Ridge
- $^{230}\text{Th}$  increased in southern Beaufort Sea
- These changes suggest a transition to an anticyclonic circulation in the depth range 500-2500m, consistent with circulation change at 240m inferred from  $^{129}\text{I}$  data and -modelling.